

QU'Appelle Progress.

Vol 2, No. 8.

QU'APPELLE, ASSIN. DEC. 9. 1886.—SIX PAGES.

Price Five Cents

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Artificial teeth fitted in gold, platinum
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My Stoves are from the best manufac-
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Is Published every Thursday

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variety in advance; single copies 5 cents.

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Half column	8.00	10.00	20.00
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Address, JAMES WEIDMAN,
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TO THE RESCUE.

The Videlte comes to the rescue of Mr. Crawford and tries to defend him from our strictures in reference to his actions in the Northwest Council. Our reply to Mr. Crawford's letter in last week's PROGRESS will fully answer the Videlte on the bonus bylaw matter. But our northern neighbor in attempting to justify Mr. Crawford's vote on the temperance question will do that gentleman more harm than otherwise. It will only tend to bring his vote under further discussion, which will place it in a still more unfavorable light. The Videlte displays its ignorance when it says:

"It is a well known fact that a new Council, or rather, a Legislative Assembly, will have to be elected next year, when the question of prohibition or license can be fully discussed, and the feeling of the people ascertained without bestowing any additional expense upon the country."

In the first place it is not yet known what the Dominion Parliament will do with the resolution of the Northwest Council asking for the election of a Legislative Assembly. It is even hinted in certain quarters that the scheme will not be favorably entertained at Ottawa. So the Videlte's "well-known fact" is a myth. And in the second place the resolution on the liquor question did not provide for "foisting any additional expense upon the country." The reason given to justify Mr. Crawford thus fails to the ground. Another reason given by that gentleman himself for his vote was to prevent the question taking up the time of the Council. But the fact is he was either deluded or wilfully ignorant. The Council had for two days discussed the question and there was nothing more to do but take the vote, and the result was that Mr. Crawford was found on the wrong side. If the six months' hoist had been lost then the main motion and amendment made by Mr. Cayley would have been voted on without further discussion. It will not do. No amount of squirming will relieve Mr. Crawford of the responsibility of voting against prohibition, and we are very mistaken if temperature do not render it when an opportunity is afforded them.

We have no desire to discuss this matter further, and could not again refer to it at present but for the errors of the Videlte above mentioned. We will, therefore, leave it with the public, but, of course, in this manner as in all others, we will never allow THE PROGRESS to be misrepresented.

Most of the tenants on the estates of the Marquis of Sligo, in Mayo, have purchased their holdings.

REGINA AND THE EXPERIMENTAL FARM.

When we learned that the Government had appointed a gentleman, practically as well as theoretically versed in agriculture, to look into and report as to the experimental farm in the Northwest, we were quite satisfied to let this section of the country rest on its merits, very naturally supposing the advantages possessed, sufficient as they are to cause the homesteads to be almost wholly occupied within a radius of thirty miles of this point, and that too with men satisfied with their location, would be sufficient to induce at least a look from Professor Saunders. In addition to settlers on free homesteads, such has been the demand for farm lands in this neighborhood that immigrants and others desiring lands for farming purposes have purchased largely from the various land companies holding around the town of Qu'Appelle paying good prices therefor in preference to free homesteading in the neighborhood of Regina. We do not know that the Qu'Appelle district was purposely passed by Professor Saunders; but we do know that if the experimental farm is to be what the Government are desirous it should be the silly gush put forth by members of what they call the "Board of Trade" at Regina as reported in the Leader, should be taken only for what it is worth. In a nutshell if land is not of quality sufficiently good to recommend itself to the settler it is not fit for an experimental farm, the Government could scarcely hope to make a success of an enterprise located in a section of country whose history has been a failure, and that through no fault of the settler. We sincerely hope and have a right to expect that no considerations other than those which should weigh will influence either Professor Saunders or the Government in placing the experimental farm in Assinaboin.

Surely the idle gossips of a man who knows about barley broth than land, and who curses the country he lives in and who says he would leave if he could, is not the man who can safely be depended upon to recommend a particular locality to the exclusion of all others. This may be thought to be very strong language, but when men go so far as to say "emphatically that with the exception of a small tract in Nova Scotia there was not a piece of land anywhere in Canada equal to that around Regina", it is time to call a halt. It is something past comprehension to understand why the Reginaites require to use the extravagant terms commonly emanating from them in reference to their town and vicinity, if they are all they represented. We are averse to disparaging one locality for the benefit of another, but we cannot allow such statements, as appear in the Leader to pass unchallenged.

The Regina Journal assails the Indian Department, and prints a report made by Dr. O. C. Edwards in 1884. The journal only gives half the truth. It will also give all the attendant circumstances in connection with the occasion referred to?

Lieutenant Governor Dowling arrived Thursday night, just last week at Lethbridge by special train. His Honor was presented with an address by upwards of two hundred of the employees of the Northwestern Coal & Navigation Co., who congratulated him on the success which had attended his administration of Indian affairs in the Northwest, evidenced by the perfect safety enjoyed by them, and by their families while living in that part of the Indian country. The Lieutenant Governor replied that Indian affairs all over the Northwest were never in so satisfactory a condition as they are at the present time.

—THE PROGRESS store stock of fancy goods, toys, etc., is worth seeing. Call in.

The Sultan is exhibiting a disposition to play into Russia's hands, and England is proportionately losing its influence at Constantinople.

—The choicest Christmas and New Year's cards at THE PROGRESS store.

—Christmas Cards in great profusion at THE PROGRESS Store.

HITS THE NAIL.

In an article in the Moosomin Courier respecting Northwest representation in the House of Commons, we find the following which hits the nail precisely on the head:

"This we must say, however, in the interests of the whole of the Northwest Territories, that no question of political division must preclude the minds of any of the Members elected to represent us in the Commons as against our local interests. No matter whether he be Tory or Grit we shall look to them to make the causes and interests of their constituents the paramount sources of action. We certainly can assure any gentleman who may aspire to represent us that a failure will be a certain cause of defeat to them, and that the fewer words and the greater action is the sure road to the success both of themselves and the interests they will be called upon to represent."

The Videlte expresses itself strongly in favor of making Prohibition the question at the election for the Legislative Assembly of the Northwest Territories, and not drawing party lines. THE PROGRESS will endorse that.

We have received the first number of "La Voz de la Frontera de la Baja California," a paper published on the Mexican frontier near San Diego, Cal. It is printed in Spanish and English, two pages in each language. It presents a creditable appearance.

The Lethbridge News in referring to the number of candidates in the field in Alberta for the House of Commons, says: "We are not in a position at present to judge with any certainty which of the two parties, Conservatives or Reformers is the stronger in this district, but it is certain that the party that has the least number of candidates in proportion to its numerical strength will inevitably carry the election".

The Toronto Mail is to be congratulated for its true spirit of independence. It will support Mayor Howland in his campaign for West Toronto, and will assist Mr. Mackenzie to defeat Mr. Boulbee in East York. Mr. Boulbee is venomous in consequence of the desertion. We cannot understand how any respectable newspaper or elector will support a man like Boulbee as against a man of the high standing of the Hon. Alex. Mackenzie.

The Macleod Gazette, smarting under our sarcasm in reference to its hostile criticism of the Lieutenant Governor's speech at the opening of the Northwest Council, relieves itself by calling THE PROGRESS a "little sheet." If THE PROGRESS is "little," what is the Gazette? Our paper is 146 square inches larger than the Macleod sheet. It would not hurt our feeling one bit to be called "little" by such a paper as the Toronto Mail for instance. And when such a diminutive "sheet" as the Gazette applies the epithet it is our duty to write in agony.

Harpo's Weekly deals this blow fit for evil that not a few are anxious to see introduced into our newborn province! It is a common notion that men cannot be made virtuous by an Act of Congress. But a stigma can be thrown on a tribe by law, combined with public opinion; and this is the effect of the restrictive liquor laws. The consequences of such a stigma are great and invaluable. To make drunk-drinking difficult and discreditable is to save many a youth from drunkenness and disgrace.—Battleford Herald.

—The choicest Christmas and New Year's cards at THE PROGRESS store.

—Christmas Cards in great profusion at THE PROGRESS Store.

Sir John Macdonald would be applauded by all Canadians, who are not extreme partisans, were he to interfere in the election in East York and demand the withdrawal of the Conservative who has been set up to oppose the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie. We know that the riding contest is going to be more than ordinarily bitter, and Sir John cannot afford to give his opponents an inch of ground, but in Mr. Mackenzie's case, because of the ex-Premier's noble and patriotic stand in a crisis that threatened the country's welfare as well as Conservative lease of power, he should make an exception. To let the election in East York go by default, for the sake of paying Mr. Mackenzie a personal compliment, would be a magnanimous, chivalrous act, and one that would redound to the everlasting credit of the present leader of the Conservative party. The ex-leader of the Reformers did that last session of Parliament which bespoke the true patriot and the honest politician unwilling to stultify himself in order to "take it out of the Tories." One turn deserves another, Sir John. Call off your dogs in East York.—Canadian-American.

Unhappy Mr. M. C. Cameron, compelled to shrink the Mail's challenge he is busying himself with breathing out all kinds of threats against those who having exposed his frauds he is pleased to describe his "tradesmen." To add to his discomfort the friends of poor John Delaney who was murdered in the Northwest are paying him some attention. It will be remembered that a year after Mr. Delaney's death Mr. Cameron read in Parliament a statement declared by him to have been written by Hon. Lawrence Clarke, stating that John Delaney was a "brutal ruffian" and a "brutal wretch." Hon. Lawrence Clarke at once characterized Mr. Cameron's alleged quotation from him as a forgery. The Egaville Enterprise, published in the neighborhood of John Delaney's home, now resents, on behalf of Mr. Delaney's widow and his other relatives, the awful imputation cast by Mr. Cameron upon the dead man's memory. The sorrow of Mrs. Delaney is increased ten-fold by the knowledge that a public man should have risen in Parliament and traduced her martyred husband. The Enterprise says: "We speak plainly in simple Saxon words—we speak for all who knew poor Delaney. We tell Mr. M. C. Cameron that when he spoke those horrid words of vile slander he was a liar, and more than that, he knew it, too." —Mail.

The Regina correspondent of the Winnipeg Sun writes as follows: "So many false reports have been in circulation concerning the movements of the Indians, that I have obtained from Lieut.-Gov. Dowdney the following information, which will explain the origin of the recent Indian reports sent to the eastern press from the Northwest: Last spring the Bloods lost twelve horses from their reserve, and they made up their minds that the Gros Ventres had stolen them. A small party of eight then followed their tracks in the direction of Fort Assiniboine, but before they reached that place, from evidence which they saw, they came to the conclusion that it was white men who had stolen their horses. Near Fort Assiniboine they saw large camps of Indians. The Bloods were discovered from this camp, and a large party of Gros Ventres on horseback started in pursuit of them. The Bloods seeing them come returned, two of them got away, and it was some months before any definite news was received of the others. Subsequent information from the American authorities gave three versions. One report stated that two boys had killed them, and another that the military had done so, and another that they had been killed by American Indians. It was not until the Indian Department communicated with the American authorities that it was learned that the Gros Ventres, who had been seen to leave the camp at Fort Assiniboine by the two Indians who had escaped, had followed these Indians to the neighborhood of the Sweet Grass Hills and there killed them. The Blood Indians would not believe this. The Blood Indians had killed their friends, as one or two principal Gros Ventres chiefs had visited their camp in the

spring and recovered some horses which they had found there during the winter. An understanding was arrived at this time that they would be friendly for the future, and had communication been held between the Bloods and Gros Ventres the latter would have searched for their horses, and no trouble would have arisen. The Blood Indian nation is acting very bad over this loss, and are determined to take no action until spring, and would not take action then without consulting their agent. Our government has sent a party to ascertain if the fight took place in Canadian territory, and doubtless from this fact has arisen the exaggerated stories."

In an interview, Sanford Fleming gave the route of the new independent cable and land telegraph system which is to connect Australia with Europe, via Canada. The length of the system will be 15,000 miles. All the governments interested are considering the project.

Fletcher, the Government entomologist, states that his investigations during the past summer convinced him that the fears entertained by the farmers of Manitoba and the Northwest of a visitation of Rocky Mountain locusts are without foundation. In reference to the Rocky Mountain locust, the entomologist of the department of agriculture thinks the rapid settlement of the country will prevent destructive invasions, such as that of 1874, and when the country is fully settled that the insect will disappear entirely.

"The kind of work which gives the most present fame and glory may not be the best education for the soul. But the work which teachers fidelity in small things may bring with it a higher education. Men who have great gifts— orators, preachers, artists, poets, literary men—are those who make the greatest impression here and now. But the vast array of laborers who are constant all day long in careful attention to their duties may be gaining a better education for eternity than the famous orator, the admired rhetorician, the wonderful artist, or the popular preacher."

Special cable to the Mail says it is believed that a new line of mail steamers will shortly be established between Vancouver and Australia, and is expected to prove of great advantage both commercially and strategically. The Canadian section of the colonial exhibition is dismantled and large purchases have been made of Canadian goods. There is an exhibition in London a quantity of specimens from the Sudbury copper mines, which has been examined and declared satisfactory.

New Designs of Christmas and New Year's Cards in great profusion at THE PROGRESS STORE.

Gen. Lubars has returned to Russia and is on his way to St. Petersburg.

Cholera has broken out in the infantry barracks at Belgrade.

Blacksmith,

J. MCEWEN,

General Blacksmith,

Carriage and Wagon Shop

QU'APPELLE.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

All kinds of Job Work receives careful and prompt attention.

Blacksmith's Coal and Iron

FOR SALE.

PLOWSHARES MADE TO ORDER.

By an experienced plow-maker.

WORK DONE CHEAP FOR CASH.

SPRING.

T. WELL,

General Blacksmith,

QU'APPELLE,

From the very liberal patronage he has received since starting business here, feels constrained to retain those for past services, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same as well as new business.

Peculiar attention paid to HORSE-SHOING, especially where extra care is required, as in the case of lame feet.

Transmitting and other repairing requiring services carefully attended to.

**A. HOLLINGSHEAD,
PAINTER.**

HOUSE SIGN AND CARRIAGE
PAINTING, GRAINING,
Glazing, Paperhanging, Kalemining, &c
All work neatly and promptly executed.
Office, Walsh St. Qu'Appelle.

J. H. MacCAUL,

DEALER IN

LUMBER,

SASH,

DOORS,

BUILDING PAPER, ETC., ETC.
OFFICE AND YARD NEAR C. P. R.
STATION, QU'APPELLE.
Qu'Appelle, May 25, 1886.

NEW BAKERY

A. McKenzie,

QU'APPELLE STREET,
Opposite the Progress Office.

BREAD! FRUITS!

CONFETIONERY, &c.,

Constantly on hand.

Birthday and Bride's Cakes
A SPECIALTY.

Liberies,

**DOOLITTLE'S
LIVERY**

Feed and Sale Stable,
QU'APPELLE ST.

Single and Double Rigs for Hire.

FREIGHTING A SPECIALTY

ALL KINDS OF COAL
kept Constantly on Hand at the Lowest
Prices.

Cash Paid for Hides & Skins
QU'APPELLE.

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LIVERY,

Feed and Sale Stable
For First Class Rigs.

Daily Mail Stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.
QU'APPELLE STATION.

Miscellaneous,

THOMSON & NELSON

FORWARDERS,

AND DEALERS IN

**Lumber, Lath, Shingles
DOORS, SASH**

Building Paper, etc
Office West of C.P.R. Station.

QU'APPELLE.

BRANCH AT FORT QU'APPELLE.

A. S. EMPEY,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

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**GEORGE H. V. BULYEA,
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*Flour, Oats, Bran, Shorts, Oatmeal, Cracked
Wheat, Graham Flour, etc., etc.*

Four different grades of Flour at Mill Prices.

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QU'APPELLE STATION.

Love & Raymond,

PROPRIETORS.

Rebuilt, Enlarged, Renovated, Everything
New and First-Class Throughout.

SUITS FOR FAMILIES.

TERMS MODERATE.

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GENERAL STORE,
BANK,
POST OFFICE,
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Tailoring Department.

The Latest Styles of

Fall and Winter Goods!

In all lines now in stock.

We have already a big run in this Department,
and the work is giving good satisfaction.

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The Canada North-West Land Co.

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Offer for Sale

SELECTED FARM LANDS

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Near the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line

A large proportion of this Company's Lands is in thickly settled Districts.

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THE TOWN SITE TRUSTEES OFFER FOR SALE
Building Sites at all Stations on Main Line of above Railway
Between Brandon and Calgary

W. B. SCARTH, Trustee,
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NEW GOODS - NEW GOODS

AT J. P. BEAUCHAMPS.

Call and Examine our Stock consisting of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

Gents' Furnishings, Boots & Shoes,

FURS OF ALL KINDS

Hardware, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, etc.

Our Stock is now complete in the above Lines, and our Prices will
compare favorably with any other house in the North-West.

Give us a Call and see for yourself.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP.

QUEEN'S HOTEL

OF THE

TOWN OF QU'APPELLE.

The Leading House in the West.

JOHNSTON & DAVIDSON

PROPRIETORS

A Full Assortment of Furniture !

OF ALL KINDS

Kept Constantly on Hand,

ALSO IN STOCK, A FULL LINE OF

Coffins and Caskets.

GEO. H. V. BULYEA,

Corner Qu'Appelle St. and Ninth Avenue, Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.



Dominion Lands Government Intelligence Office.

APPLICATION FOR PATENTS CAN BE MADE AT THIS OFFICE, F. L. OSLER,
A. GOVERNMENT AGENT.

FOR SALE.

Ontario and Qu'Appelle Lands, many of them laying close to Qu'Appelle, on the C. P. R., at low prices, purchasers having the advantages of Churches, Schools, Daily Mail and good Stores, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE NORTH OF SCOTLAND LOAN CO. will advance Money on Improved Lands.
A number of Improved Farms at Elgin, Inverness and Forts. Qu'Appelle, to be disposed of.

Several choice STOCK SECTIONS close to Town can be purchased on reasonable terms.
Those wishing for lots of Government Lands to Homestead, or Lands to purchase will apply at the office of

F. L. OSLER,
Qu'Appelle, May 15, 1886.

The Progress Store

Will be found to contain a well selected stock of

BOOKS STATIONERY

FANCY GOODS,

SCHOOL BOOKS

Which we will sell at the most reasonable prices.

CHEAP ADVERTISING.

TO GIVE THE
BUSINESS MEN
OF THE

Northwest Territories

An opportunity to keep their names, business and residence before the public, we have decided to open the columns of *The Progress* to a

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Classified by towns.

No paper either in the Northwest or Manitoba opens its columns at so low a rate.

Get your Card in *The Progress* Business Directory for the Northwest.

Under this heading we will insert Business Cards similar to those following for \$5.00 a year, which will include subscription to *The Weekly Progress*.

First insertion and subscription will be commenced on payment of \$2.00; after first three months, \$1.00 per quarter in advance will be required in every case, or the Card will be dropped out.

Business Directory.

QU'APPELLE.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,
Johnston & Davison, Proprietors.

LELAND HOUSE,
Love & Raymond, Proprietors.

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Dealer in General Merchandise.

S. H. CASWELL,
General Merchant.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP,
General Merchant.

G. H. V. BULYEA,
Insurance and General Agent, Dealer in
Flour and Feed, etc.

G. H. V. BULYEA,
Dealer in Furniture, Cabinet Makers, etc.

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Harness and Saddlery.

C. C. BAILEY,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweller.

D. H. McMILLAN, & B. O.
Qu'Appelle Roller Mills.

A. C. PATERSON,
Forwarder & General Agent.

THOMSON & NELSON,
Forwarders and Dealers in Building Material.

J. H. MACCAUL,
Lumber Merchant and Insurance Agent.

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J. C. MCLEWEN,
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L. W. MULHOLLAND,
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Life and Accident Insurance, etc.

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Dominion Lands Government Intelligence
Office, Agent for Ontario and Qu'Appelle
Land Co.

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Town Site, Insurance, etc.

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Book and Job Printing Establishment.

"THE PROGRESS,"
Published weekly, six pages, at \$1.00 a year.

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Merchant Tailor.

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REGINA.

DAWSON, BOLE & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Regina, N. W. T.

WHITEWOOD.

J. F. GUERIN, L. D. S.,
Dental Surgeon.

SINTALUTA.

JAMES P. TAYLOR,
General Merchant and Blacksmith

Correspondence.

(Our columns are open to all provided the subject matter is of public interest, and proper language is used, but in no case do we hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by correspondents.)

Mount Pleasant, Nov. 29th, '86,
To the Editor of the *Progress*.—

Sir,—In your issue of Nov. 25th I notice a very long, senseless preamble over the signatures of our Trustee Board for this district, which is certainly no credit to them as it is more like what you would expect from a lot of city street arabs than from a body corporate. They have tried very hard to bray forth their notice against a ratepayer near the church by laying insinuations which shows what their cutting report was got up for. As a ratepayer near the church, I feel it my duty to defend a better attack, and to show you how false their statements are; we will go back to the election of this board.

The notices for the nomination were posted up, calling for nomination of trustees, meeting to be held from twelve o'clock until four. At this meeting, which should not have closed before four o'clock, the returning officer declared three trustees elected before one o'clock; this ratepayer near the church being one of three elected, who by the way would not set because he did not consider it legal.

After some of the ratepayers left, the returning officer came back and took another vote and declared the three trustees now holding office elected. Were they legally elected after closing the meeting thereby stopping ratepayers the privilege of voting? for those who left told others the meeting was over and they knew nothing about the nomination going on. Hence in their report they wonder ratepayers neglected so important a meeting, and it has proved to us that it was a very important meeting indeed. As to the selection of school site, see, 68 of School Ordinance says that the meeting of ratepayers shall be called, notices of meeting to be published in five conspicuous and widely separated places within the district ten days before the meeting.

Now it is very strange that not one resident out of twelve ever seen a notice of the meeting posted in the 18 square miles on the west side of the school district; was that widely separated places to post all in the 12 square miles on the east side, and as a consequence five ratepayers from coming to it, those five ratepayers represent one-sixth of the district, was this statement false?

Again, at that meeting when a motion was made and seconded that the school be placed in the centre of the district, the chairman represented that there was a large slough so close as to interfere with a site for a school there and even made a mark on a map of the district showing it came so close to the centre mound as to interfere with the site, when he well knew that said slough was 110 rods west of the mound, and that no better site for a school could be had than this central location; what was that but false representation. He will say if he reads sec. 154 of School Ordinance that he left himself liable to a fine of \$100 for trying to influence voters by false representation. Now this was the first subsequent meeting that these ratepayers had the impudence to attend and oppose the welfare of the district, namely, by voting for a central location; as to the next and last subsequent meeting which these ratepayers dare to attend was to vote against a by-law, I think some ten voted against it, but this by-law was declared carried; now where was the one-third extra expense incurred? they seem to forget that they made a blunder, being incurable, in trying to report on in their letter to the *Progress*; they make a futile attempt to prove their statement true,

but it was a failure as it simply consists of ifs and might have been.

Now as regards A Ratepayer not seconding a motion, that was his own business, not theirs; as to the reason given by them it is false and nearly all their statements are. Not one of those that voted for the central location wanted anything more than justice done them. As to this ratepayer near the church not being a saint, perhaps he is not, but before a school board and an official in the church make such a statement, they should consider people in glass houses should not throw stones.

If I understand, A Ratepayer's regret was that this school

TEN TRUTHS.

"The sphere of a reform, if it is to be effective, must be as wide as the sphere of the evil we are seeking to remove. How wide is the sphere of the evil we wish to remove? We answer, it is wide as the sphere of our nation. There is not an interest, moral or material, that the liquor traffic does not menace with ruin.

"First. It destroys the lives of vast numbers of our population.

"Second. It strikes with devastating effect the material resources of the nation. On the one hand it prevents production and on the other it wantonly destroys large quantities of what is produced.

"Third. It damages every legitimate line of business, except criminal lawyers, physicians, druggists, undertakers and grave-diggers.

"Fourth. It takes the earnings of the drinker, and gives him what is worse than nothing in return.

"Fifth. It increases the burdens of society. At least seventy-five per cent. (good authorities say ninety) of the criminals of this country are made such by the saloon traffic. An equal per cent. of paupers are produced in the same manner. These two constitute the expensive classes. A sober, industrious, law-abiding citizen costs the State nothing; he supports the State. A pauper costs the State from \$75 to \$100 a year, while a criminal costs from \$100 to \$50,000 per year.

"Sixth. It brightens the intelligence of our people. It produces intellectual weakness, idiocy and insanity on the one hand, and prevents education on the other.

"Seventh. The saloon maintains a constant and destructive war upon home. From the drink house madened wretches reel to wretched homes to vent their brutal cruelties upon helpless women and children.

"Eighth. The drink traffic corrupts and debauches the politics of the country. The saloon is practically a political club-house. Here the worst men in the community assemble, hold political caucuses, nominate tickets, and plan campaigns. It is estimated that every saloon controls ten votes. This gives to the saloon traffic 2,000,000 votes, which are wielded, not for the good of the nation, but for its ruin. Saloon morals have so effected the body politic that it has come to be a proverb that anything is fair in politics. In a word, the saloon is a hot-bed of political corruptions, vulgarity, profanity, obscenity, lewdness and crime.

"Ninth. It sets at defiance the laws made for its regulation and suppression. Liquor-dealers, as a class, are law-breakers. They corrupt legislation, bribe judges, suborn witnesses, pack juries and defeat the ends of justice.

"Tenth. Finally, this *monstrum horrendum* enters the sacred domain of the Word of God and tramples underfoot its commandments."

"All this ruin is accomplished by 200,262 brewers, distillers, and dealers united in a common interest, bandied together in formal organizations, and commanding a capital of \$1,200,000,000.

A torpedo factory is to be established at Constantinople.

All the European Powers except England accept Prince Nicholas' candidature for the throne of Bulgaria.

A Papal envoy is to be sent to England to negotiate for a renewal of diplomatic negotiations with the Vatican.

Gen. Kielbars is charged with instigating the Boers to join the plot against the Bulgarian Government.

John Dillon is to be prosecuted by the British Government on charges of inciting to assault and resistance to eviction.

The Czar is willing to accept any arrangement that Emperor William may advise for the settlement of the C. P. R. S. R. scheme.

An arrangement respecting emigration has been effected between the English and German transatlantic steamship companies.

The Bulgarian Government has refused the Porte its refusal to accept Prince Michael of Mingrelia, as the successor of Prince Alexander.

EDITING A PAPER.

Editing a paper is a very pleasant business—if you like it.

If it contains much political matter, people won't have it.

If the type is large it don't contain much reading matter.

If we publish telegraph reports, folks say they are nothing but lies.

If we omit them, folks say we are nothing but fossils.

If we publish original matter they blame us for not giving selections.

If we give selections people say we are lazy for not writing more, and giving them what they have not read in some other paper.

If we give a complementary notice, we are censured for being partial.

If we don't all hands say we are great hog.

If we insert an article which pleases the ladies, the men become jealous, and vice versa.

If we attend church, they say it is for effect.

If we remain in our office attending to our business, folks say we are too proud to mingle with other fellows.

If we go out, they say we don't attend to our business.

COMING PROPHETIC EVENTS.

During the next few years, before the year 1,900, great religious revivals, second advent of Christ, and resurrection and ascension of Christians without dying. Terrible wars and earthquakes, including England's loss of Ireland and India and conquest of Germany by France, changing twenty-three kingdoms into Daniel's predicted Franco-German confederacy of ten kingdoms, prior to Napoleon anti-Christ's seven years' covenant with the Jews (Daniel viii, 24; ix, 27).

Sixth. It spreads socialism, communism, nihilism, red-republicanism, spiritualism, culminating in the great tribulation and anti-Christ's massacre of myriads of Christians during three and a half years, and then the millennium of 1,000 years, etc.—Matt. xxv, 21; Rev. xx.—New York Tribune.

THE TEMPERANCE OUTLOOK.

Mayor Howland, of Toronto, has, it is announced, decided to be a candidate for the Local House in Toronto, and will be remembered that it was the temperance vote, a large portion of which was female, that elected Mr. Howland to the mayoralty. As ladies will not have a vote in the local legislative election we will see to what extent the temperance principles prevail among the male voters of Toronto. It is pretty safe to predict, however, that Mr. Howland will be elected. Somehow the temperance movement moves on like an avalanche, gathering strength on its way, and one of these days we will wake up to find that Canada is under a prohibition law. However men may talk, there are thousands who take their glass, and in many ways countenance the traffic, but who when behind the curtain with a ballot before them would put a great big X opposite the word prohibition. The last presidential contest in the United States has taught the politicians of that great country that they must have regard to the prohibitionists and give no uncertain sound when elected to power. If the franchise were extended to females in our Dominion there is hardly any question about the fate of the liquor traffic.—Sun.

A plot to murder the Queen has been discovered at Sofia.

Five additional Indian regiments have been ordered to Barmash.

Spanish Republicans have decided to secure the return of Zorita to Spain.

Three thousand troops and three forts will be required to retain possession of Port Hamilton.

It is rumored that vigorous measures are to be taken in Ireland against the National League.

The new Dutch Reform Bill will make the electoral suffrage dependent upon property qualification.

Queensland offers to pay the expenses of a Government for New Guinea if the Queen will approve of it.

—Christmas Cards and New Year's Cards, all the way from 5 cents to \$3.00 at THE PROGRESS STORE.

QU'APPELLE.

—It was thawing yesterday.
—See the new goods at THE PROGRESS store.

—Qu'Appelle Masonic Lodge met in regular communication on Tuesday evening last.

—A team of Ponies, mares, rising three and four years, can be got by applying at the Progress Office.

—Dr. O. C. Edwards is removing bodily the fine building in which he formerly resided at Indian Head to this town.

—Great profusion of fancy goods, album, indestructible, kid and china dolls, tin and wooden toys, etc., etc., at THE PROGRESS store.

—Work has been stopped on the C. P. R. well, and it is thought there will be a good supply of water has been obtained. Digging was stopped at 197 feet an auger was used to bore fourteen feet further.

—At the Leland: G. Huguenard, C. W. B. Molony, Fort Qu'Appelle; H. W. R. Strook, L. C. Macintyre, W. L. Burns, Winnipeg; A. R. Dickson, Balgonie; C. H. Burnley, K. C. Foxley, Ottawa; W. Ferguson, Indian Head.

—At the Queen's: Chas. Burley, Portage la Prairie; W. P. Shaw, Jas. Dowln, J. G. McLean, R. F. Dodd, W. H. Schneider, Winnipeg; Jas. Haywood, Fred. G. Herder, Moose Jaw; W. Ferguson, Indian Head; T. W. Jackson, Fort Qu'Appelle.

—Mr. J. W. Jackson was in town on Tuesday. While here he was met by a number of our citizens to discuss railway matters. It is understood mutually favorable terms of assistance to the Wood Mountain & Qu'Appelle Railway were arrived at.

—A special meeting of the municipal council of the municipality of South Qu'Appelle, will be held on Saturday, the 11th inst., at 10 o'clock. Parties who have not been credited with performing their statute labor, will please attend said meeting in order that an understanding may be arrived at.

—The *Prairie Journal* says of our hotels, "The Leland House has been enlarged by the addition of a wing, and it is otherwise being improved by its enterprising proprietors. With the Queen's and Leland hotels, both first class in every particular, Qu'Appelle can boast of better hotel accommodation than any other town of its size in Canada."

—A bazaar and theatrical performance will be given by the St. Peter's Ladies' Aid Society, in the Immigrant Building in this town, on Tuesday next. In the bazaar a large and well selected stock of useful and ornamental articles will be offered for sale; you will have your choice between the art gallery, second-hand book store and the fancy work stall. The restaurant will be open from 4 to 8, p.m., and will be conducted on the European plan; the whole to conclude with that laughable farce, "Freezing a Mother-in-law."

—It would take a column of THE PROGRESS printed in small type to name all the different articles comprised in our new stock of fancy goods, dolls, toys, games etc., suitable for the holiday season, which have just been received at THE PROGRESS store. We will be pleased to have you call and see them, whether you intend to purchase or not. You will be almost sure to see something you have been wanting for a long time. On account of having arrived late, being over six weeks on the way from Montreal, we have marked the goods low as the time is short in which to make sales.

—Hon. David Laird accepts the Liberal nomination for Saskatchewan in the Cominoons. He has strong support promised from all sections of the district.

A large quantity of military stores have been shipped to British Columbia, and are now en route for the coast.

—When the toboggan slide will be ready?

—Why people cannot come down stairs without falling?

—Why cows are cruelly left to brave the winter's blast without shelter?

—What is being done about the bonus to the Wood Mountain & Qu'Appelle Railway.

—Why parcels of printing cannot go through the mail to Indian Head without being lost?

—When some people will find out that the editor and publisher of THE PROGRESS writes his own articles?

—Why an editor should be accused of vindictiveness when he is not afraid to discuss the public actions of public men?

—Why it takes one kind of freight over six weeks to come from Montreal, and another kind not wanted in so much of a hurry will come in three weeks?

—When some people will find out that the editor of THE PROGRESS allows no one to use his columns in any other way than under the heading "Correspondence."

MISSIONARY MEETINGS.

At Edgeley on Monday evening, an excellent anniversary missionary meeting was held in the Methodist church. Mr. Wright presided most efficiently, and the addresses of Revs. O. Darwin and G. Daniel were listened to with deep interest.

Tuesday evening at Qu'Appelle gave the same gentleman a good house, with Mr. Robt. Hammond as chairman. A number of Edgeley people were so much pleased with the Monday evening meeting that they drove into town to attend the services here. The pastor, Rev. Alfred Andrews gave a summary statement of the work done by the society and the receipts and expenditure of the past year. There are 574 paid missionaries, teachers and interpreters, and the income is over \$180,000 for the Dominion.

Rev. J. W. Wright, a young missionary lately from Saskatoon, gave an interesting account of a visit to White Cap's band, showing great improvement among them in many respects.

The main feature of the evening was a most interesting, eloquent and highly appreciative address, by Rev. G. Daniel on Japan. Rev. O. Darwin dwelt efficiently on several departments of the mission field. Proceedings of the two meetings were over \$50.

Thanks were tendered to the chairman, the speakers and choir, and one of the very best missionary meetings held in the country closed at 22:15.

To the Editor of THE PROGRESS:

Sir.—As doubtless several members of the St. Peter's Ladies' Aid Society have considerable talent for drawing and painting; would it not be well for them to advance the interests of this Society, by sketching on cards, views of the surrounding neighborhood, elegantly or any other Canadian costume, or even Indian Chiefs whom they have seen. I ping that they will not take this suggestion unkindly. I remain,

Yours, etc., An Advocate of
A. L. S.

GUARDIPEY.

Mr. W. D. Peiley, M. N. W. C., was unanimously nominated for the House of Commons by a large and influential meeting held at Daniel Dumars' residence near Elsie Hills, on the 27th ult.

Antoine Hamelin, electrichianon Meise Dozer, sec.

Speeches were made by the following named gentlemen: Missis Guichon, Dumars, Welsh, Perrault, Guinday, DuJalair, Fisher, Cardinal, Bellante, Rykyn, Thasumas, Beauchamp and D'zier.

Arrangements were entered into for the cutting up of a school district and Post Office.

The meeting broke up with three rousing cheers for Mr. Peiley, Mr. Dewdney and the Queen.

(The above was received after THE PROGRESS was issued last week.)

The Ross family came to town and were contemplating a stay of a few days when they made application for

NOTICE TO VOTERS.

The council met on the 27th ult. Mr. Redpath applied to have his name added to the voters list.

Report of commission appointed to expend grant from Northwest Council, amounting to \$325 was received and ordered to be filed.

On account of the road overseer of division No. 12 neglecting to return his list, the chairman a member was ordered to give cheques of those who had performed their statute labor in that division, who had the commutation tax charged against them.

We your finance committee beg to report that we have examined the collector's roll, and advised the clerk to hand the same so Mr. Jos. Doolittle for collection. We have also received an executed bond from Mr. Jos. Doolittle, collector, and Mr. Geo. H. Bulyea, treasurer, in accordance with bylaws appointing them. The account of Mr. S. S. Nelson for lumber supplied and labor performed on bridge \$37.03 and find correct, and recommend payment of same. Adopted.

Moved by Messrs. Davidson and Craig, that the voters' list as now finally revised be adopted and be the voters' list for the year 1886.

A petition was read from Mr. W. S. Redpath and others asking the council to submit a bylaw to the electors to grant a wood bonus of \$25,000 to the Wood Mountain & Qu'Appelle railway.

Moved by Messrs. Wright and Davidson, that whereas a petition of Mr. W. S. Redpath and others has been presented to the council of South Qu'Appelle, asking that a bylaw be submitted to the ratepayers of the municipality for the granting of a wood bonus to the Wood Mountain & Qu'Appelle railway, and the term of office of the present council being too near its termination to afford time for the completion of submitting such bylaw. Be it resolved, that the said petition be returned to the petitioners till after the election of the council for 1887.

A bylaw appointing deputy returning officers and fixing polling places was passed.

The council adjourned.

WHITEWOOD.

The fine building of Mr. D. Hunter, whatever be its intended purpose, is now near completion. Mr. Hunter moved into it last week.

—Mr. Geo. Fergus a native of the Orkney Islands, died at the York Colony last week, he is only a few weeks out from the old country.

—Dr. Myers, of this neighborhood, has a "soft snap" with two mounted police to carry his mails, freight and messages between his farm and Whitewood three times a week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Guerin gave their popular parlor entertainment to an appreciative audience on Friday evening last. The larger towns west of us have a treat in store for the performers are not behind in their qualifications to please.

—Professor Saunders, the locator of the future experimental farm for the Northwest has canvassed this district for facts and figures. He found two men who would not go back on their respective localities, in Mr. Bedford of Moosomin and Mr. Marshallay of Whitewood.

—Mr. Marshallay our member of the Northwest Council has returned from his legislative duties at Regina, and now presides over a new office next his old stand as a storekeeper. W. White, barrister of Moosomin, shares Mr. Marshallay's new suite of offices.

—A large party of Hungarians, the band which Count Esterhazy had in his hands in the month of October last, and which he finally dumped into a coal mine near Medicine Hat and called them miners, have got as far as Whitewood in their return journey. They are very anxious to see the count again, but they do not smile when they pronounce his name. They like their lives turned. This colony north of the city of Regina, is the largest colony of Hungarians in the world.

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